

# Chronic Disease: Costs, Challenges & Opportunities for Improvement In Louisiana

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September 7, 2017
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

#### Who is PFCD

The Partnership to Fight Chronic Disease (PFCD) is a global coalition of patient, provider, community, business and labor groups, and health policy experts, committed to raising awareness of the **No. 1** cause of death, disability and rising health care costs: chronic disease.

#### **OUR MISSION**

- ✓ **EDUCATE** the public about chronic disease and potential solutions for individuals and communities
- ✓ MOBILIZE the public to call for change in how governments, employers, and health institutions approach chronic disease
- ✓ **CHALLENGE** policymakers on the health policy changes that are necessary to effectively fight chronic disease



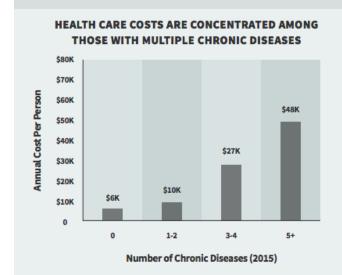
#### **Chronic Disease Burden**

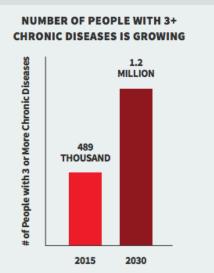


90 cents of every \$1 we spend on health care is associated with the chronically ill.

Health care spending is highly concentrated.

#### 5% OF PEOPLE ACCOUNT FOR 50% OF HEALTH CARE SPENDING IN LOUISIANA...

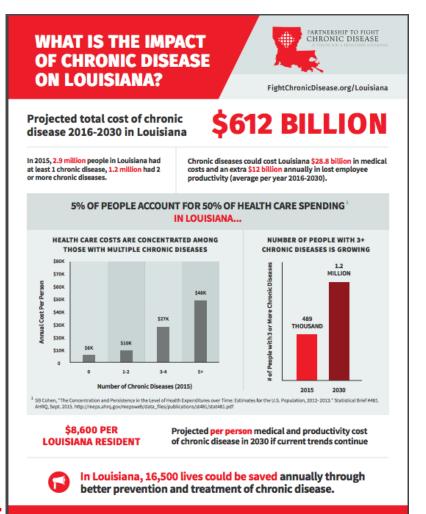




PARTNERSHIP TO FIGHT
CHRONIC DISEASE

SB Cohen, "The Concentration and Persistence in the Level of Health Expenditures over Time: Estimates for the U.S. Population, 2012-2013." Statistical Brief #481. AHRQ, Sept. 2015. http://meps.ahrq.gov/mepsweb/data\_files/publications/st481/stat481.pdf

#### Louisiana's Chronic Disease Burden



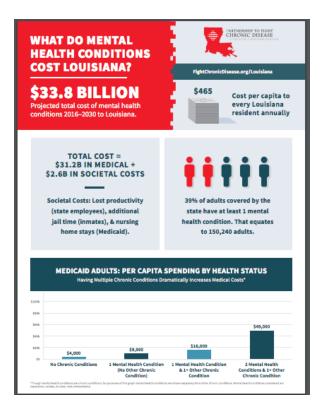
2.9 million people with at least one chronic condition;1.2 million with 2 or more (and growing).

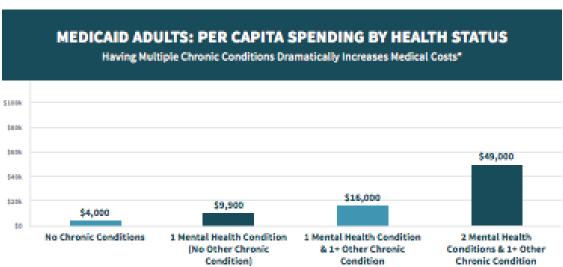
Economic losses of \$12 BILLION a year in addition to medical costs.

Chronic diseases will cost \$8,600 per resident a year without change.



#### Louisiana's Mental Health Burden





#### STATE OPPORTUNITIES TO SAVE INCLUDE



#### SAVING \$6.8 MILLION

per year in extended jail time. That's the same as

290 FEWER YEARS OF PRISON



#### REDUCING THE \$57.7 MILLION

a year in lost productivity among state employees with at least one mental health condition



#### **Chronic Disease Prevention**

Highest burden of chronic disease shares FOUR COMMON Risk Factors:

- 1. Tobacco Use
- 2. Excessive drinking
- 3. Unhealthy eating
- 4. Physical inactivity

#### **Louisiana's Rank**

43 out of 50

34 out of 50

50 out of 50 (obesity)

45 out of 50



"80% OF PREMATURE HEART DISEASE, STROKE AND DIABETES CAN BE PREVENTED" – World Health Organization



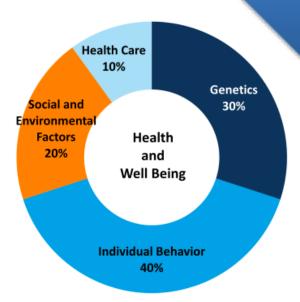
### **Chronic Disease & Children**

- Chronic conditions are on the rise among children.
  - Almost 1 in 5 have diabetes or pre-diabetes.
  - Almost 1 in 10 have asthma.
  - 13-18% of children & adolescents have some form of chronic health condition.
- Minorities and lower income families are disproportionately affected.



# Inter-relationship with SDoH and Health

#### Health & Well-Being



Impact of Factors on
Risk of Premature Death

	Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System
ı	Employment	Housing	Literacy	Hunger	Social	Health
ı	Income	Transportation	Language	Access to	integration	coverage
ı	Expenses	Safety	Early childhood	healthy options	Support systems	Provider availability
ı	Debt	Parks	education		Community	Provider
ı	Medical bills	Playgrounds	Vocational training		engagement	linguistic and cultural
ı	Support	Walkability	Higher		Discrimination	competency
ı			education			Quality of care

#### **Health Outcomes**

Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care Expenditures, Health Status, Functional Limitations

SOURCE: Schroeder, SA. (2007). We Can Do Better — Improving the Health of the American People. NEJM. 357:1221-8.





# **Poor Health and Economic Mobility**

## Health Affairs **Blog**

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ASSOCIATED TOPICS: POPULATION HEALTH

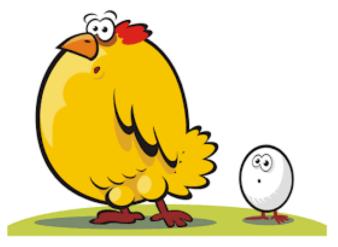
#### The United States Can Reduce Socioeconomic Disparities By Focusing On Chronic Diseases

Kenneth Thorpe, Kathy Ko Chin, Yanira Cruz, Marjorie A. Innocent, and Lillian Singh

August 17, 2017



- Onset of chronic illness reduces income by 18%.
- Lower income populations disproportionately affected.





# Louisiana's Chronic Disease Opportunity

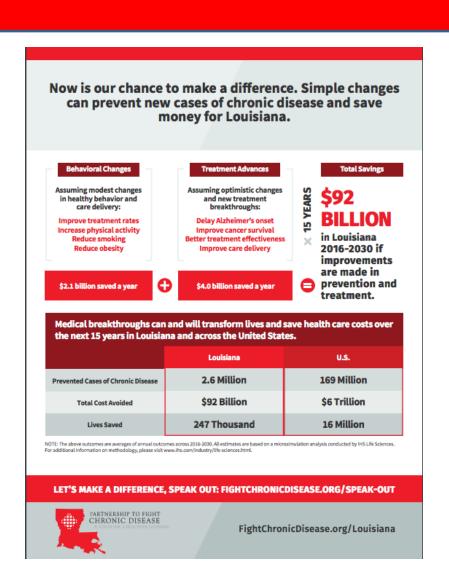
#### **Potential To Save:**

- \$92 Billion through 2030
- 347,000 people

#### **Improvements Include:**

- Reduced smoking
- Reduced obesity
- Better access & adherence to treatment
- Medical innovations to increase cancer survival & postpone Alzheimer's onset





# **High-Performing Health Systems**

- Prioritize care coordination & care transitions.
- Identify the "hot spots" high cost & high risk.
- Engage people in own care.
  - Self-management skill building
  - Medication management
  - Regular follow-up
- Integrate health & social services, physical & mental health care.



# **Building on Existing Efforts**

- Improving access to quality care
  - CHIP, Medicaid expansion & enrollment
- Enhancing access to patient-centered primary care
  - Participation in Advanced Primary Care Practice Demonstration >> FQHCs meeting NCQA criteria of patient-centered medical homes
- Joining larger initiatives
  - Million Hearts Initiative: Cardiovascular Disease Risk Reduction
  - TCPI: Consortium for Southeastern Hypertension Control



# **Building on Existing Efforts**

- Optimizing appropriate use of medications
  - Louisiana Community Pharmacy Enhanced Services Network
- Recognizing inter-relationships between health & determinants of health
  - Department of Health & Housing Authority Permanent Supportive Housing





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